



C Language

1. How do you declare a function that does not return any value in C?

- a) **void functionName();**
- b) int functionName();
- c) functionName() void;
- d) void return functionName();

2. How do you declare a function that returns an integer and takes two integer arguments in C?

- a) **int functionName(int a, int b);**
- b) functionName int(int a, int b);
- c) int functionName(a, b);
- d) int functionName();

3. How do you declare a two-dimensional array in C?

- a) **int arr[10][10];**
- b) int arr(10)(10);
- c) int arr = {10, 10};
- d) int arr;

4. What is the correct syntax for a while loop in C?

- a) while condition { }
- b) **while (condition) { }**
- c) while condition: { }
- d) while (condition) then { }

5. What is the file extension for a C source file?

- a) .cpp
- b) .java
- c) **.c**
- d) .py

6. What is the output of the following code?

- a) 2
- b) **1**
- c) 5
- d) 3

7. Which function is used to compare two strings in C?

- a) **strcmp()**
- b) strcmpare()
- c) compare()
- d) stringcmp()

8. Which function is used to concatenate two strings in C?

- a) **strcat()**
- b) strconcat()
- c) strcatstr()
- d) join()

9. Which function is used to copy a string in C?

- a) **strcpy()**
- b) strcat()
- c) strcmp()
- d) strcopy()

10. Which function is used to find the first occurrence of a character in a string in C?

- a) **strchr()**
- b) strstr()
- c) strfind()
- d) strchr()

11. Which function is used to output data to the screen in C?

- a) scanf()
- b) **printf()**
- c) read()
- d) write()

12. Which function is used to read input from the user in C?

- a) printf()
- b) read()
- c) **scanf()**
- d) input()

13. Which header file is required to use the printf() function in C?

- a) stdlib.h
- b) string.h
- c) **stdio.h**
- d) conio.h

14. Which keyword is used to create a new data type in C?

- a) **typedef**
- b) define
- c) struct
- d) union

15. Which keyword is used to create a structure in C?

- a) **Struct** b) Structure c) Record d) Class

16. Which keyword is used to define a constant in C?

- a) **const** b) define c) constant d) static

17. Which keyword is used to return a value from a function in C?

- a) **Return** b) Exit c) Break d) End

18. Which of the following functions is used to find the length of a string in C?

- a) **strlen()** b) length() c) strlen() d) strsize()

19. Which of the following is a Logical Operator in C?

- a) **&&** b) & c) ? d) /

20. Which of the following is a valid array declaration in C?

- a) **int arr[5] = {1, 2, 3, 4, 5};** b) int arr = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5];
c) int arr(5) = {1, 2, 3, 4, 5}; d) int arr = {1, 2, 3, 4, 5};

21. Which of the following is a valid data type in C?

- a) Integer b) **Float** c) Real d) Number

22. Which of the following is the correct syntax to declare a string in C?

- a) **char str[] = "Hello";** b) string str = "Hello";
c) str char[] = "Hello"; d) str string = "Hello";

23. Which of the following is the correct syntax to declare a structure in C?

- a) **struct data { int a; float b; };** b) struct data { int a, float b };
c) struct { int a; float b; } data; d) struct data { int a, float b };
e) struct data { int a; float b; } data;

24. Which of the following is the correct syntax to declare a typedef in C?

- a) **typedef int myint;** b) typedef myint int;
c) typedef = int myint; d) typedef int = myint;

25. Which of the following is the correct syntax to declare a union in C?

- a) **union data { int a; float b; };** b) union data { int a, float b };
c) union { int a; float b; } data; d) union data { int a, float b };
e) union data { int a; float b; } data;

26. Which of the following is the correct way to declare a long integer variable in C?

- a) long int num; b) int long num; c) long num; d) **Both (a & c)**

27. Which of the following is the correct way to declare a short integer variable in C?

- a) short int num; b) int short num; c) short num; d) **Both (a & c)**

28. Which of the following is the correct way to define a macro that calculates the square of a number in C?

- a) **#define SQUARE(x) ((x) * (x))** b) #define SQUARE(x) (x * x)
c) #define SQUARE(x) (x^2) d) #define SQUARE(x) (pow(x, 2))

29. Which of the following is used to allocate memory dynamically in C?

- a) **malloc()** b) memory() c) allocate() d) new()

30. Which of the following is used to comment a single line in C?

- a) **//** b) /* c) !-- d) #

31. Which of the following is used to define a macro in C?

a) **#define** b) const c) static d) typedef

32. Which of the following is used to terminate a loop in C?

a) terminate b) end c) **break** d) exit

33. Which operator is used to access members of a structure in C?

a) . b) -> c) & d) *

34. Which operator is used to access the address of a variable in C?

a) -> b) * c) . d) **&**

35. Which operator is used to assign a value to a variable in C?

a) == b) = c) : d) :=

36. Who is the creator of the C programming language?

a) James Gosling b) Bjarne Stroustrup
c) **Dennis Ritchie** d) Guido van Rossum

Answer Key

1. **A** 2. **A** 3. **A** 4. **B** 5. **C** 6. **B** 7. **A** 8. **A** 9. **A** 10. **A** 11. **B** 12. **C** 13. **C** 14. **A** 15. **A** 16. **A** 17. **A** 18. **A** 19. **A**
20. **A** 21. **B** 22. **A** 23. **A** 24. **A** 25. **A** 26. **D** 27. **D** 28. **A** 29. **A** 30. **A** 31. **A** 32. **C** 33. **A** 34. **D** 35. **B** 36. **C**